# Minnesota Wellhead Protection Program & Land Use Planning

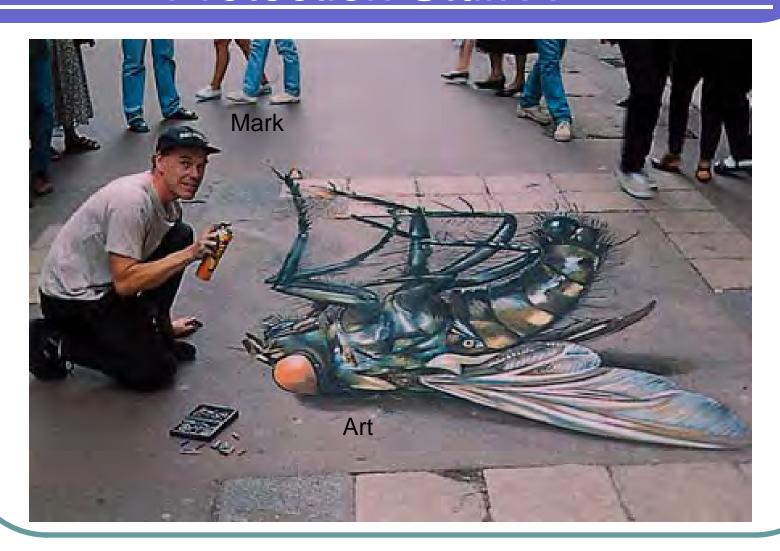
MN Association of County
Planning & Zoning Administrators
Willmar, Minnesota
October 8, 2010

Art Persons & Mark Wettlaufer Source Water Protection Unit, Minnesota Dept. of Health





# Why bug you with Wellhead Protection Stuff??



# How do we achieve drinking water "protection"?

- Understand "source" of drinking water.
- How vulnerable is the source & what are the contaminant threats?
- "Balance" Implementation:
  - Education
  - State & Federal Regulations
  - BMP's & Resource Protection Programs
  - Local Controls



### What is Wellhead Protection (WHP)?

"Methods of managing potential contaminants in a well's recharge area."

Properly Manage Contaminant Sources...





### Wellhead Protection Background...

- Wellhead Protection defined and required by the 1986 Federal Safe Drinking Water Act.
- 1989 Minnesota Groundwater Protection Act identifies MDH as lead agency for WHP in MN.
- 1997 MN WHP Rule 4720 approved requiring public water suppliers to develop plans & <u>implement them</u>.
- Only certain public water suppliers are required to develop WHP plans in Minnesota.

# Types of Public Water Systems

#### Figure 2.1 Water System Categories And Definitions

#### **Public Water System**

15 or more service connections or regularly serves at least 25 persons for 60 or more days of the year.



#### Noncommunity

Where people work and play. PWS that is not a community water supply and that serves a transient population.



#### Community

Where people live. PWS that has at least 15 service connections or living units used by year-round residents, or regularly serves at least 25 year-round residents.



#### **Transient**

PWS that serves at least 25 people at least 60 days of the year but does not serve the same 25 people over 6 months of the year. *Restaurants, Campgrounds, Hotels, Churches* 



#### Nontransient

PWS that serves at least 25 of the same people over 6 months of the year. *Schools, Offices,* Factories, Daycare

#### Non-Municipal

PWS that serves at least 25 year-round residents, or serves 15 service connections used by year-round residents. Owned by a private party. Nursing Homes, Prison, Mobile Home Parks, Housing Developments

#### Municipal

PWS that serves at least 25 year-round residents, or serves 15 service connections used by year-round residents. Owned by a municipality. "The City of"

#### Source Water Protection...

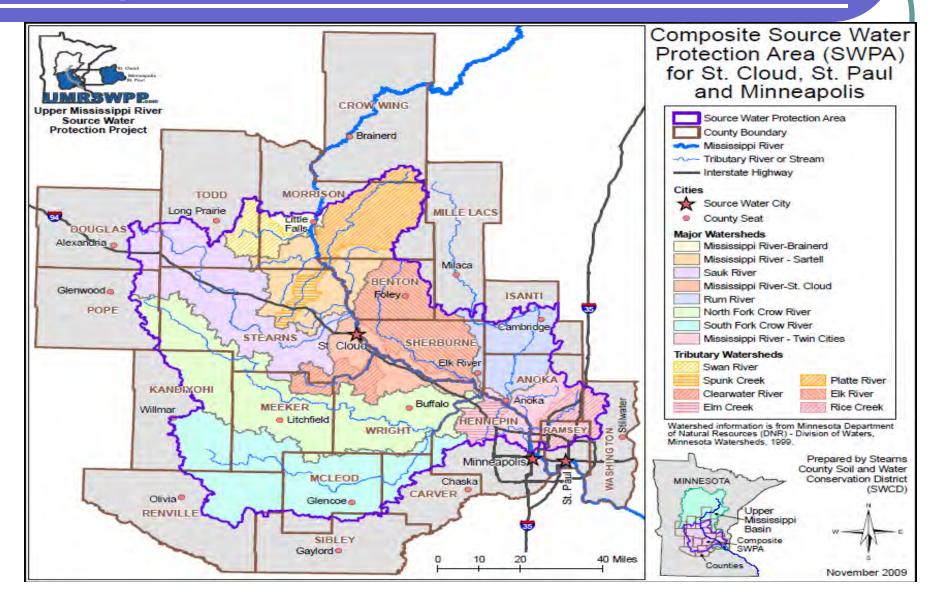
The term "Source Water Protection" was added to the 1996 amendment to the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act include to reflect the protection of BOTH surface and groundwater drinking water supplies.

# Surface Water (Source Water Protection)

There are 23 surface water systems in Minnesota.

Almost 50 percent of Minnesota's population rely on surface water. Plans are not required for surface water systems, but MDH supports & encourages planning efforts.

# Minneapolis, St. Paul & St. Cloud Source Water Protection Area



# Groundwater (Wellhead Protection Program)

There are 933 community groundwater systems in MN.

#### Right now, there are:

- 270 WHP Plans completed, and
- 122 PWS developing or amending an existing WHP plan.

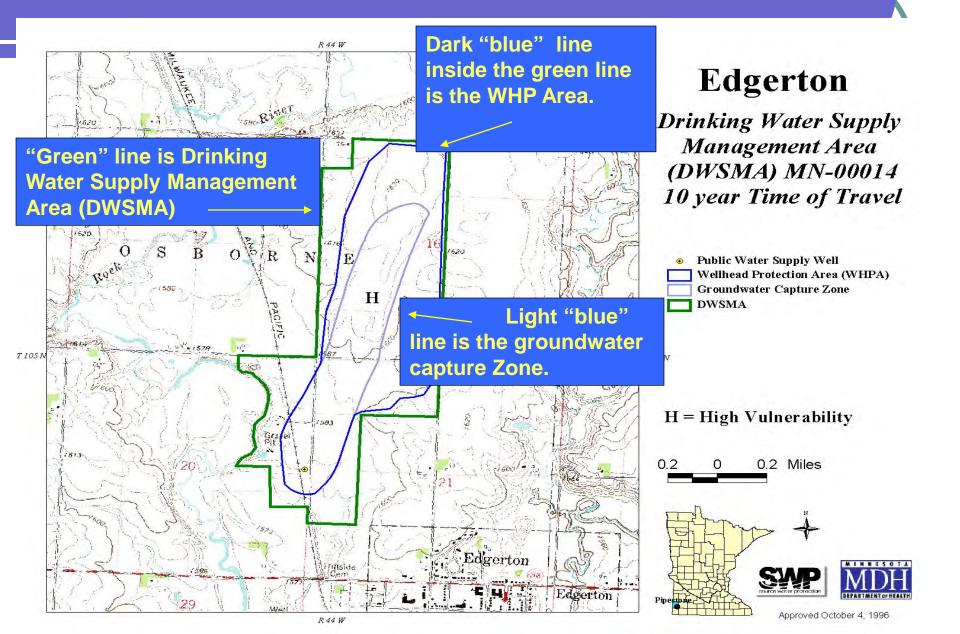
## WHP Program

- No "one shoe fits all" approach to plan development or implementation.
- Urban & Rural Issues
- Discuss & address contaminant issues through local WHP Teams & processes.
- MDH / MRWA assisting PWS develop plans following WHP Rule since 1997.

# MN WHP Program (MN Rules 4720)

- WHP is "science based," focusing on the "recharge area" of the well & local geology characteristic's.
- All community & non-community water systems are <u>required</u> to <u>develop</u> and <u>implement</u> WHP Plans.
- WHP Plans are approved by MDH based on:
  - ✓ delineation of the recharge area,
  - √ vulnerability of the aquifer & well,
  - ✓ potential contaminant sources identified, and
  - management activities identified (based on vulnerability) to protect the well and aquifer.

#### WHP Delineation Terms:



RSIW

# "Very High Vulnerability" •Ag, Urban, Gravel Mining Issues •DWSMA Primarily in **County Jurisdiction** •Wells outside city limits

#### Melrose

Drinking Water Supply
TIZSN Management Area
(DWSMA) MN-00087
10 year Time of Travel

Public Water Supply Well

Primary

Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)

DWSMA

DWSMA Vulnerability Boundary

VH = Very High Vulnerability

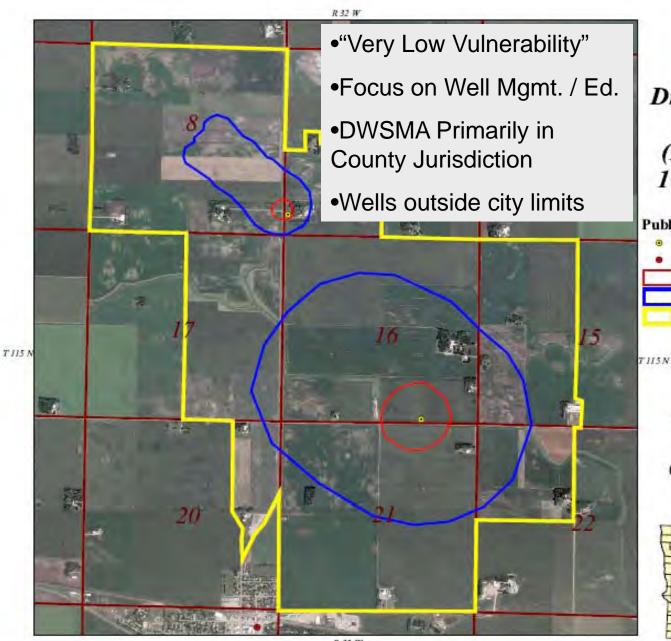
H = High Vulnerability

M = Moderate Vulnerability

VL= Very Low Vulnerability







#### Hector

Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA) MN-00454 10 year Time of Travel

Public Water Supply Well

- Primary
- Emergency
- Emergency Response Area
  - Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)
  - DWSMA

Very Low Vulnerability

0.4 0 0.4 Miles



R 32 W

Approved April 10, 2008

# WHP & Land Use Planning - Considerations....

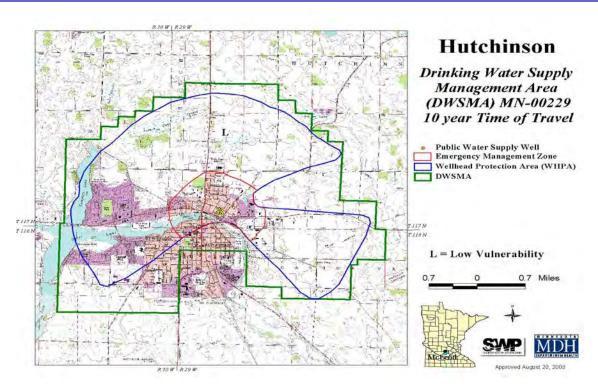
- How has WHP been integrated into local planning and official controls?
- What are the local water utility and public expectations to protect the local water supply?
- Where can improvements be made?
- What has been your departments role in local WHP Plans and implementation?

### WHP & Land Use Planning



Public Water Supply Managers & Land Use Planners need to communicate and understand drinking water protection issues and goals!

### WHP & Comprehensive Plans



Are Drinking Water Supply Management Area (Maps) identified in Your County Comprehensive Plan???

### WHP & Comprehensive Plans

- Include State approved WHP Map's in Comprehensive Plan!
- Describe geology and vulnerability issues of WHP Areas in your County
- Identify existing land use issues or concerns found in WHP Plans.

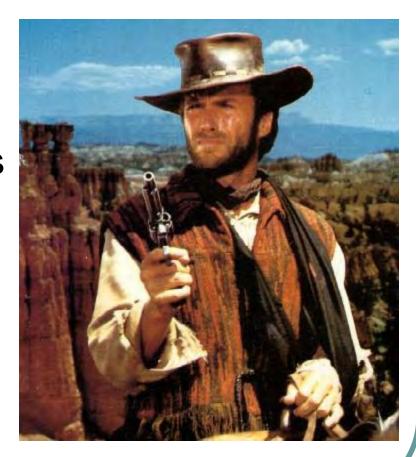
#### Why?

Establish basis for use of local controls as needed.

## WHP & Comprehensive Plans

Use Part I & Part II WHP Plan to identify drinking water protection concerns when revising your Comprehensive Plan!

MAKE OUR DAY!



## Comprehensive Plan: Example

- Nobles County 2002 Comprehensive Plan:
  - Water quantity and quality issues identified as a major concern in plan
  - Elevates protection efforts and land use planning to protect groundwater supplies in the County.

## Comprehensive Plan: Example

#### Nobles County, cont'd

"Nobles County has a limited groundwater supply. Residential, Ag, & Industrial demand placed on the water supply is great, relative to capacity of available aquifers. These shallow aquifers that provide the greatest amt. of water to the county are also the most vulnerable to pollution. Steps implementing WHP Plans should continue to restrict polluting land uses adjacent to these aquifers."

(Nobles Co. Comprehensive Plan, March 13, 2002)

How "vulnerable" is the public water supply?



and from what?

Educate officials on WHP issues & local control options...

What existing or potential new land uses could occur in WHP Areas?



What is "allowed" or "permitted" in existing zoning districts?

- What is an acceptable level of risk relative to a new or potential land use in the WHP Area? (no magical answers here!)
- What is the land zoned in the WHP area?
  - Near the well or 1 year time of travel area???
- How can local controls be improved to help proactively mitigate potential impacts on WHP areas in your County?

### Potential Contaminant Examples

- Commercial / Industrial: Large Capacity Tanks, Hazardous Chemicals, Extractive Uses
- Agricultural Land Uses; Large Feedlots, Ag related Businesses
- Transportation Corridors & Spills; roads & rails, storm water issues
- Residential Uses; fuel tanks, haz. waste disposal,
- Private Wells
- Septic Systems
- Others.....

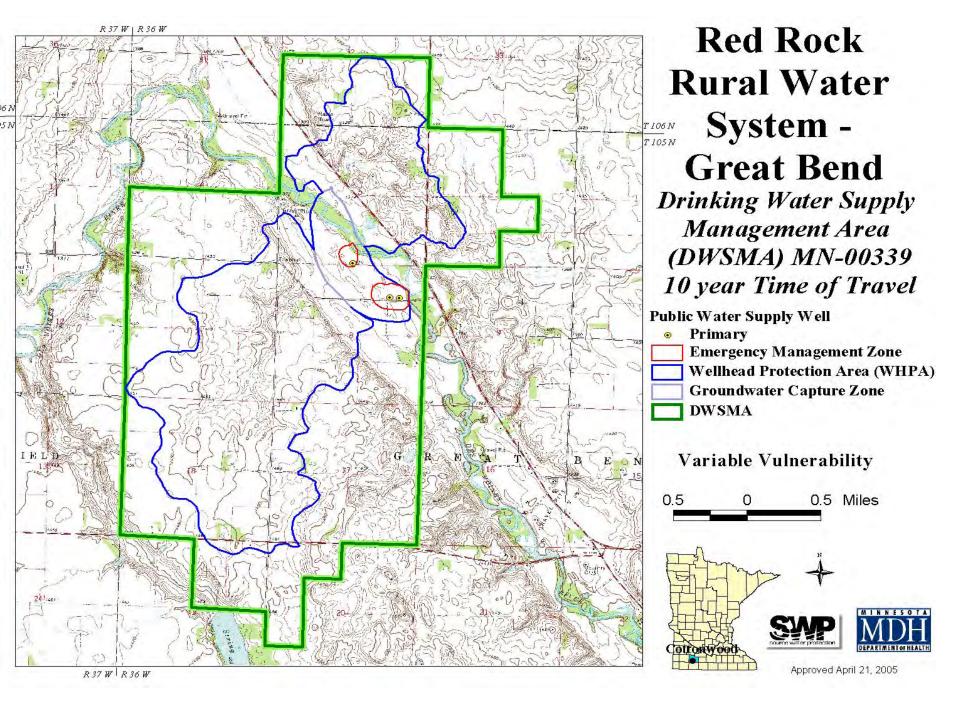
## Zoning Tools

- Performance Standards
- Conditional Uses
- Overlay Districts
- Special Designations or Categories for WHP areas
- Permit Conditions
- ➤ Other (?)

- How or when are new permit proposal's in the WHP area communicated to water utility staff?
- Talk to local utility staff, County Board etc. about what safeguards should be in place to protect drinking water resources.
- Proactively plan and consider both existing and potential new well sites when talking to water utility staff.

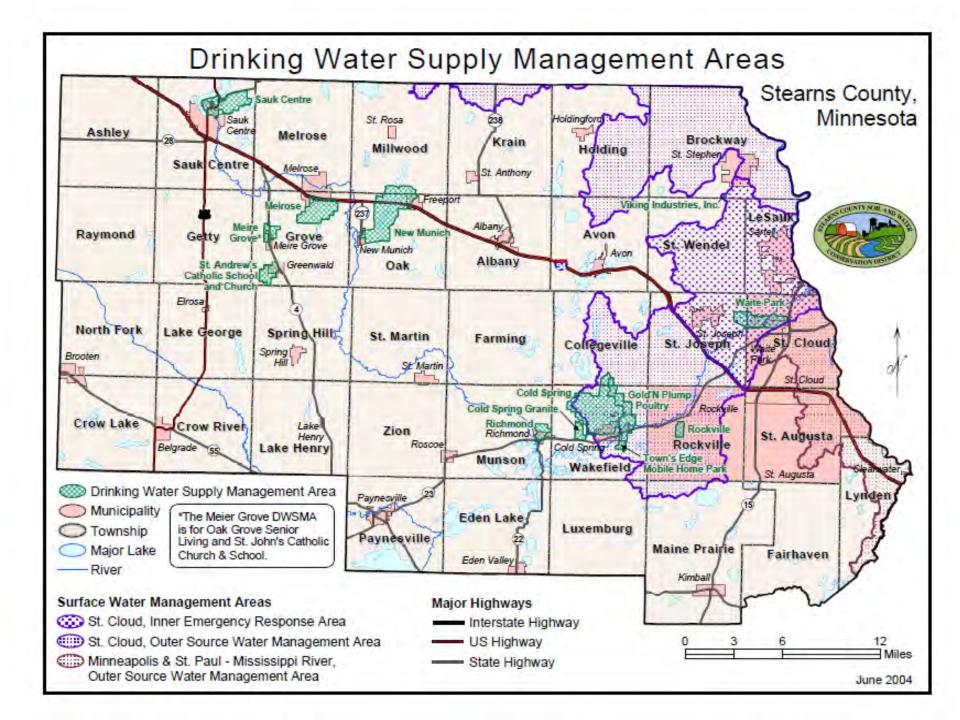
# Cottonwood County Gravel Mining Ordinance & "Sensitive Areas"

- County Planner and Red Rock Rural Water Manager discuss gravel mining issues in WHP Areas.
- A committee of Gravel Operators, Land Owners, Public Water Supplier meet & discuss concerns.
- MN Dept. of Health creates White Paper identifying potential impacts of mining in vulnerable WHP Area.
- Committee hashes out ordinance & permit requirements on where & how certain activities associated with the use would be permitted.
- WHP Areas identified as a "Sensitive Area" in Ordinances for further review and protection of groundwater.



## **Stearns County**

- Added "DWSMA" language in 2010 Ordinance Update (Section 7.8)
- Purpose "limit or control land uses within DWSMA's for the protection of public drinking water supplies"
- Ordinance specifies that proposed use or structure take into account issues identified in WHP Plan.
- Accept for incidental residential or accessory structure related permits, permits sent to review by SWCD and PWS for a 14 day review & comment period.
- No specific WHP performance standards, zoning district or WHP CUP standards for WHP.
- Permit review based on specific WHP issues in a given plan or community WHP area.



## WHP Implementation

- PWS must implement WHP Plan (MN WHP Rule 4720.5560)
- Increased expectations for plan implementation!
- Additional MDH follow-up and audit's for plan implementation.
- More PWS Technical Assistance
- MDH SWP Grants for implementation activities.

# MDH SWP Program - Technical Assistance

- 4 new MDH Planner Areas created in 2010 (For MDH Planner covering your County See Handout)
- MDH SWP Home Page (Handout):

http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/eh/water/swp/index.htm

 Downloadable GIS Coverages of WHP Areas (Go to SWP home page, on left side of page click on "Maps & Geo Spatial Coverages."

# MDH SWP Program - Technical Assistance

- MDH SWP Grants Program (handout)
  - Implementation Grants
  - Competitive Grants

http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/eh/water/swp/grants/index.html

#### MDH SWP "White Papers"

Coming Soon to the MDH SWP Website!

(Issue papers for specific contaminants to help evaluate impacts and management options.)

## Summary

Work with PWS and consider how local controls can be used to protect community water supplies & WHP areas!

Questions?

Thanks!

